

Yes We Can Southeast Renewable Energy

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Solutions to Global Warming





Clean Energy



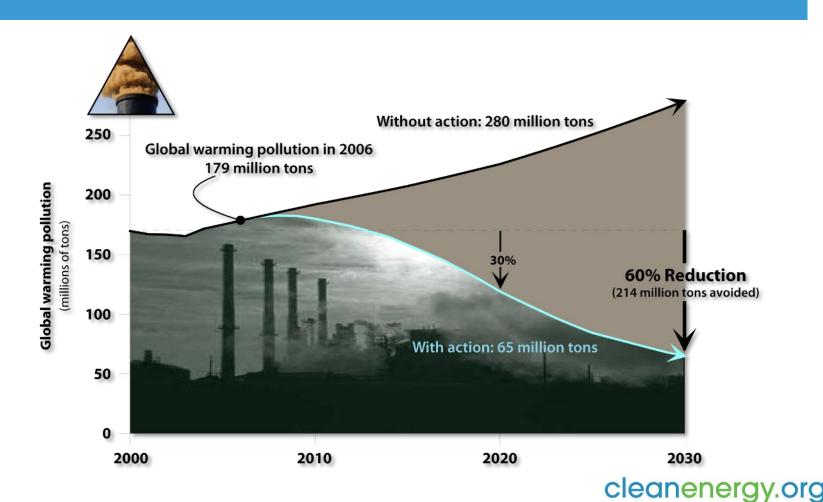
Long-Range Planning



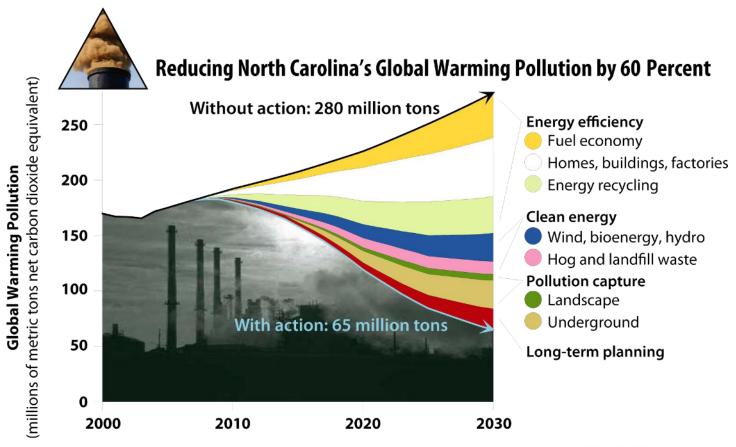
Pollution Capture



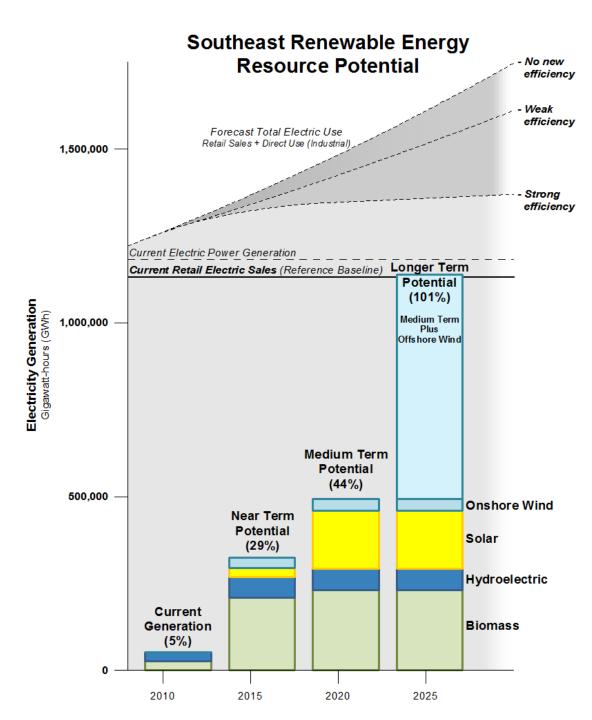
Goal: 60% Reduction by 2030



Cornerstones to Reducing Global Warming Pollution







Renewable Energy Resources

The Southeast can meet renewable energy targets.

- √ 15% by 2015
- √ 20% by 2020
- ✓ 25% by 2025



Wind

Ridge tops:

- Most cost-effective
- 33 million MWh potential at low impact sites in KY, VA, TN, SC, and GA

Offshore wind:

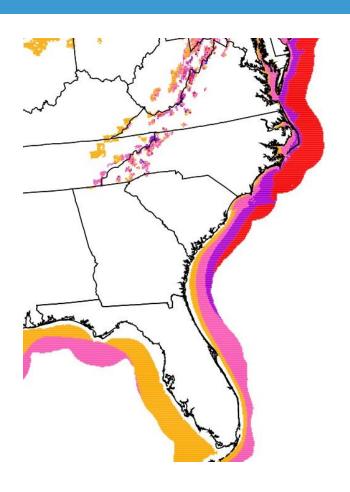
- Atlantic Coast: Virginia to Florida
- Enormous potential
- Less cost than nuclear power
- Unclear permitting process







Wind



- National Renewable Energy Laboratory wind potential
- These data are not screened for environmental and other feasibility restrictions



Low-impact Hydroelectric

- Today: 27 million MWh of large hydroelectric facilities
- Potential for adding 36 million MWh of lowimpact facilities

Resources:

- Upgrades of existing dams
- Small "low-head" (no dam) projects
- Many projects best suited for third parties, not utilities



Photo courtesy of Energy Systems and Design



Solar



Ground-mounted PV

- 160 million MWh medium term
- Larger utility-scale projects

Rooftop PV

- 5 million MWh medium term
- Commercial & residential

Solar water heating

- Offset <u>at least</u> 2 million MWh of electric hot water heating
- Analysis incomplete

Utility solar thermal (CSP)

- 150,000 MWh medium term
- Florida hybrid solar/gas plants only



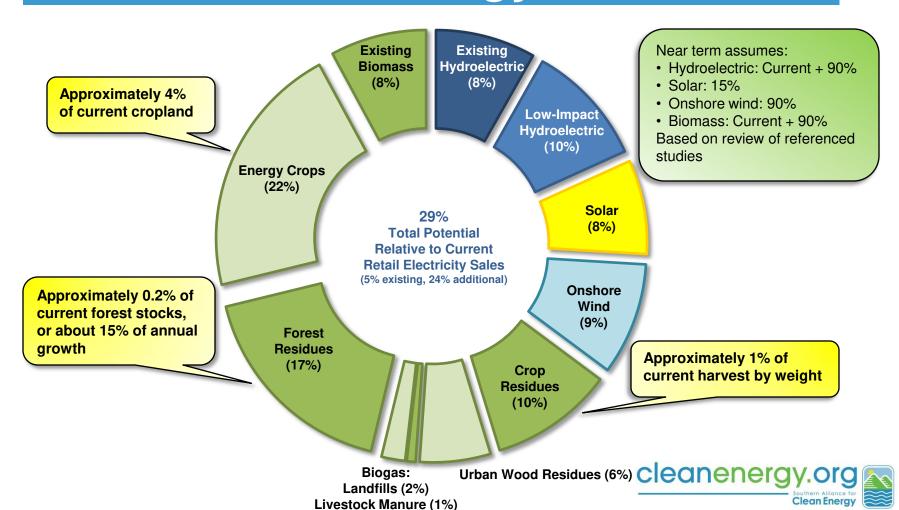
Clean Energy: Biopower

- Today: 26 million MWh
- Potential: 230 million MWh
- Generation is more distributed than central utility generation, but less distributed than other renewable resources
 - Small coal plant conversions (Georgia Power, Plant Mitchell)
 - Cofiring
 - Independent power producers
 - Plant scale usually 20-50 MW, up to 100 MW

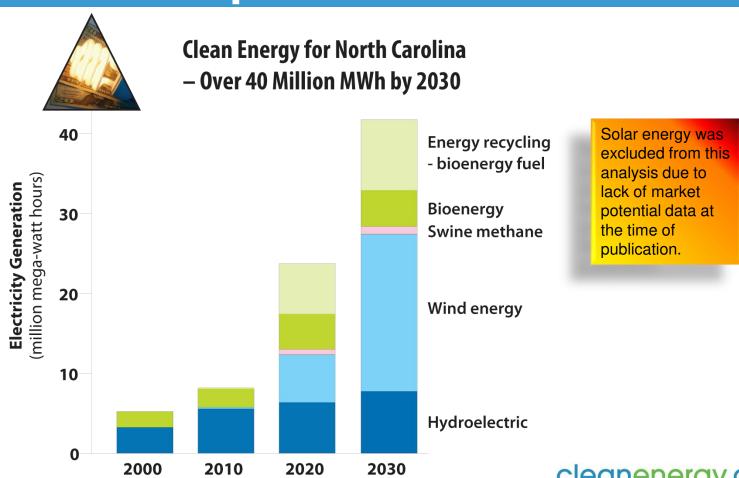




Near Term Renewable Energy Potential

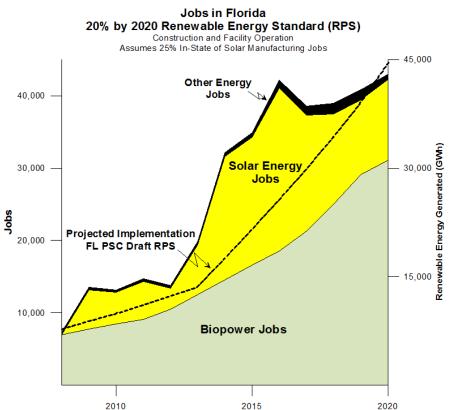


North Carolina: Renewable Energy Implementation





Florida: Renewable Energy Implementation



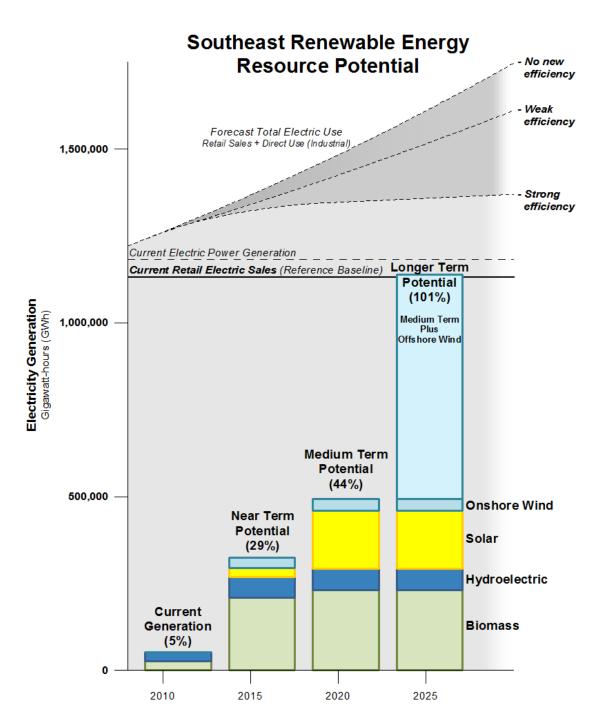
- We've recently projected jobs for Florida under a state renewable energy standard
- Solar energy tends to have more installation jobs, but fewer "permanent" jobs than biopower
- The total number of jobs leads the standard
- Florida's standard applies to only four large utilities



A National Renewable Energy Standard, Plus:

- National carbon dioxide "cap-and-trade" or equivalent policy
- Third party suppliers of electricity paid at market-based cost of service
- A solar "carve-out," feed-in tariff, or other policy providing a premium value for solar
- Complementary government biofuel policies
- Responsible and predictable permitting for renewable energy systems
- Extension and expansion of state and federal tax credits for renewable energy and efficiency through 2020





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